

Exchange of views on the drought situation in EU

State of play and European Commission response

Presentation by DG AGRI to the European Parliament Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development on 30.8.2018

OUTLINE

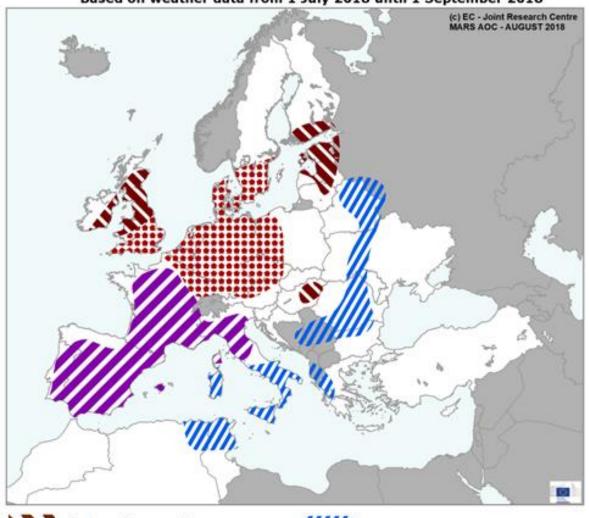
- 1. Weather situation
- 2. Impact on fodder & crops
- 3. Commission and Member States response

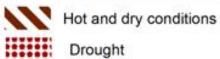


WEATHER SITUATION

AREAS OF CONCERN - EXTREME WEATHER EVENTS

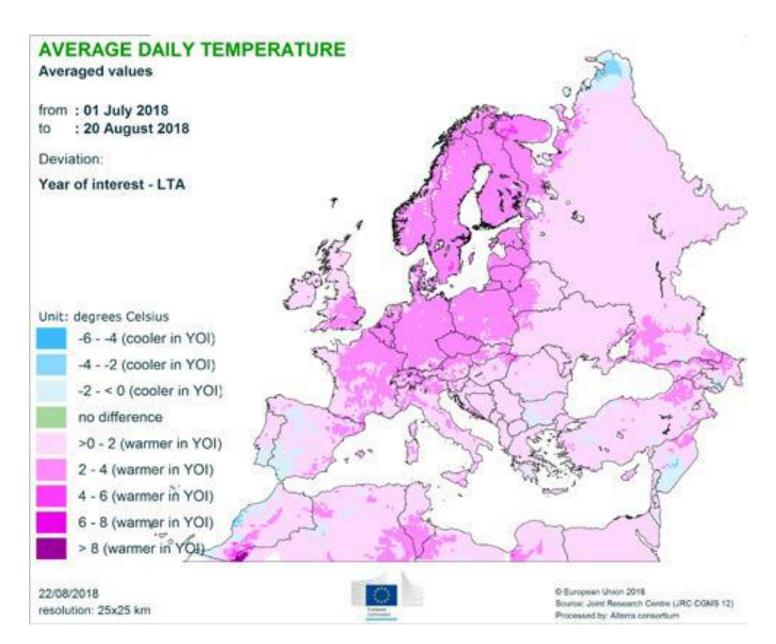
Based on weather data from 1 July 2018 until 1 September 2018



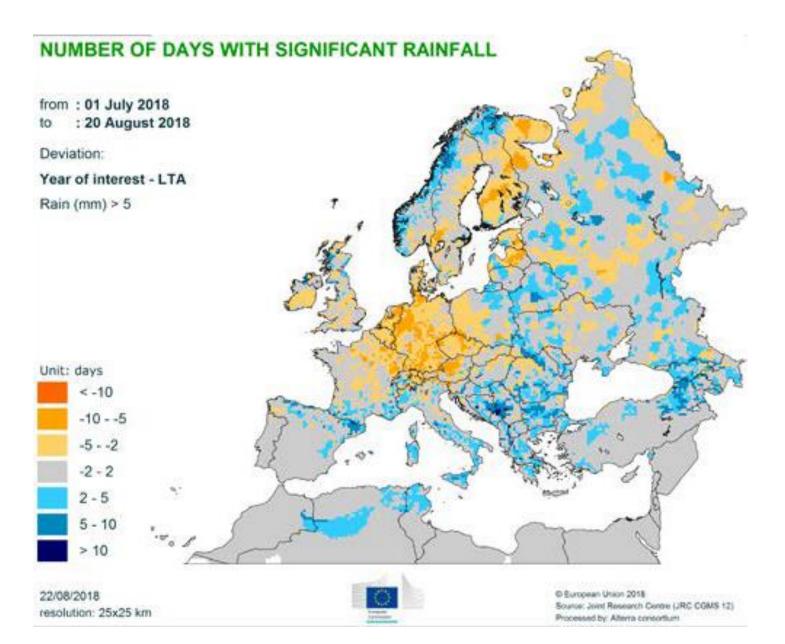




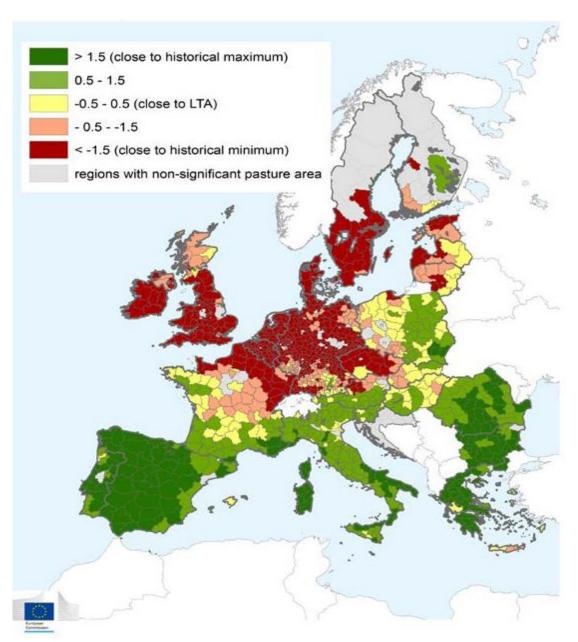
WEATHER SITUATION

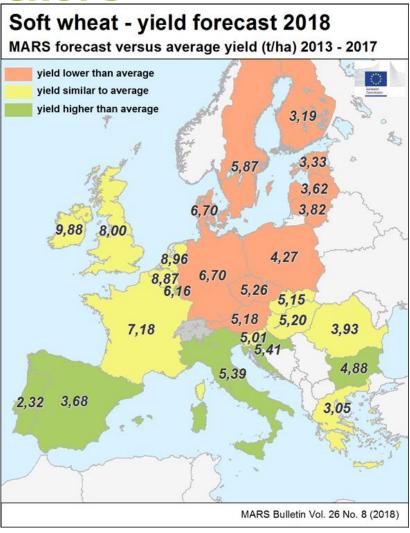


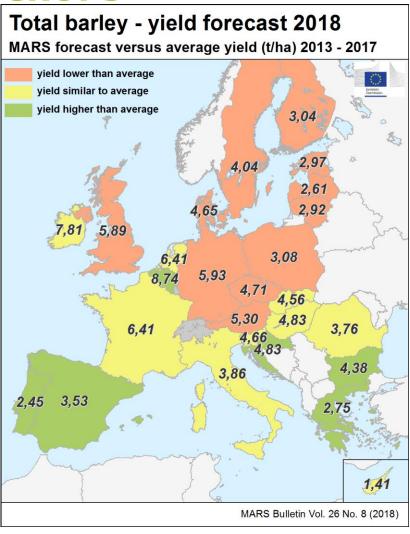
WEATHER SITUATION

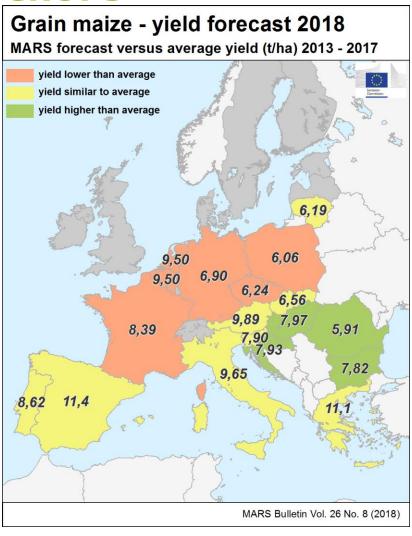


IMPACT ON PASTURES

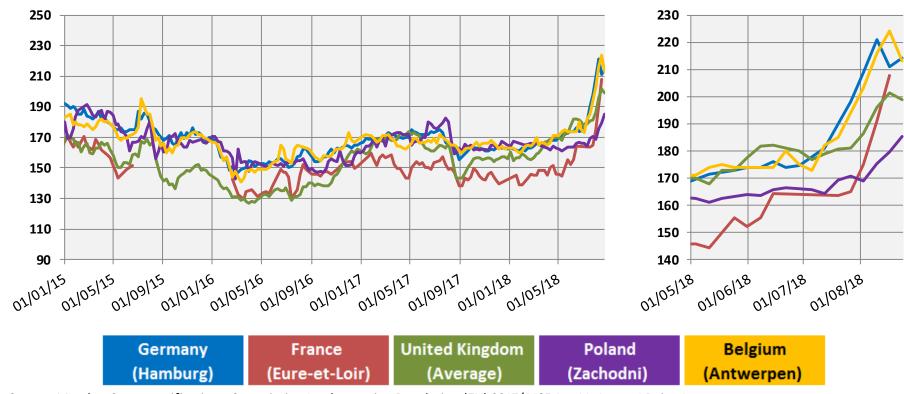




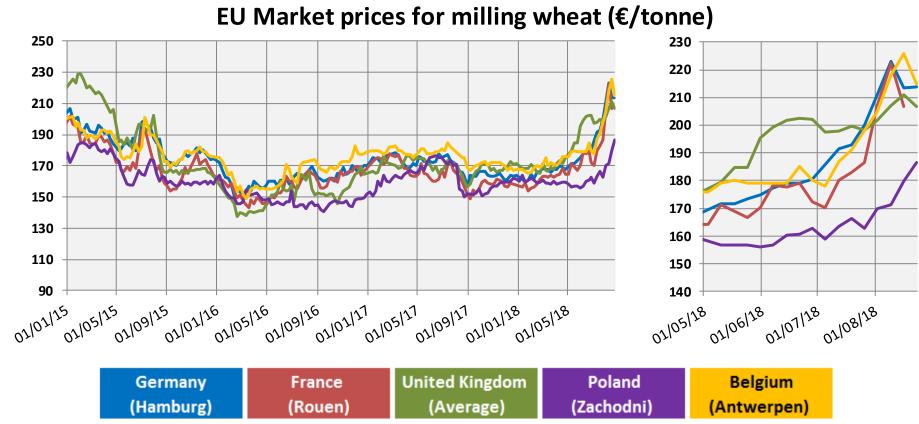




EU Market prices for feed wheat (€/tonne)



Source: Member States notification - Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1185 Art.11, Annex I Point 1



Source: Member States notification - Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1185 Art.11, Annex I Point 1

COMMISSION AND MEMBER STATE RESPONSE

- Commission acted swiftly:
 - remind MS of support options already available (RD, greening flexibility)



 derogation to greening rules to allow fodder production on land lying fallow



 initiate work on further derogations (to allow higher and earlier advance payments and further greening derogations)



COMMISSION AND MEMBER STATE RESPONSE – options available



State aid:

- up to 80% of the damage caused by drought (e.g. purchase of fodder can qualify)
- compensation for damage can also be granted without the need to notify the Commission (the so-called "de minimis aid" - up to €15 000 per farmer over three years)

COMMISSION AND MEMBER STATE RESPONSE – options available



- Rural development:
 - up to 100% for restoration of agricultural production potential (e.g. re-seeding pastures)
 - possibility to recognise exceptional circumstances (release from commitments with no penalty)
 - **risk management** instruments (mutual funds or income stabilisation tool)
 - RDP modification

COMMISSION AND MEMBER STATE RESPONSE – derogations & interpretation

Greening:

- 14/08: adoption of decision allowing EFA fallow land to be harvested/grazed
- 30/08: discussion with MS of second decision (1) allowing fodder production on EFA catch crop area and (2) adaptation of period to allow sowing of winter crop
- Force majeure: interpretation to ease use in MS to avoid administrative burden
- Possibility to cut/graze EFA with catch crops: interpretation

COMMISSION AND MEMBER STATE RESPONSE – derogations



Advances:

- 30/08: discussion with MS
- Increase max advance to 70% of direct payments and 85% of rural development support
- October instead of December
- Higher and Earlier

COMMISSION AND MEMBER STATE RESPONSE – requests from MS

Advances:

 Belgium, Czech Republic, Ireland, Italy, Greece, France, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, Croatia, Poland, Portugal (Azores), Romania, Finland, Sweden, United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

Greening (1&2nd Decision):

 Belgium, Estonia, Denmark, Ireland, Germany, Finland, France, Latvia, Lithuania, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Finland, Sweden

COMMISSION AND MEMBER STATE RESPONSE – requests & announcements by MS

 Greening/other environmental obligations – force majeure:

e.g. France

State aid:

e.g. Germany, Ireland, Poland, Sweden

